Calendar No. 334

103d CONGRESS H. R. 881

AN ACT

To prohibit smoking in Federal buildings.

November 22, 1993

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

Calendar No. 334

103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 881

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 16 (legislative day, NOVEMBER 2), 1993 Received

November 19 (legislative day, November 2), 1993 Read the first time

November 22, 1993
Read the second time and placed on the calendar

AN ACT

To prohibit smoking in Federal buildings.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ban on Smoking in
- 5 Federal Buildings Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) environmental tobacco smoke is a cause of
- 9 lung cancer in healthy nonsmokers and is respon-

- sible for acute and chronic respiratory problems and other health impacts among sensitive populations;
 - (2) environmental tobacco smoke comes from secondhand smoke exhaled by smokers and sidestream smoke emitted from the burning of cigarettes, cigars, and pipes;
 - (3) citizens of the United States spend up to 90 percent of a day indoors and, consequently, there is a significant potential for exposure to environmental tobacco smoke from indoor air;
 - (4) exposure to environmental tobacco smoke occurs in public buildings and other indoor facilities;
 - (5) the health risks posed by environmental tobacco smoke exceed the risks posed by many environmental pollutants regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency; and
 - (6) the Administrator of General Services, having broad authority and longstanding experience with respect to the acquisition and management (including restriction of smoking) of space occupied by Federal employees, is particularly qualified to issue regulations to institute and enforce a prohibition on smoking in such space.
- 24 SEC. 3. SMOKING PROHIBITION IN FEDERAL BUILDINGS.
- 25 (a) Smoking Prohibition.—

1 (1) GENERAL RULE.—On and after the	180th
day after the date of the enactment of this	Act,
3 smoking shall be prohibited in any indoor port	ion of
4 a Federal building, except in areas designated	l pur-
5 suant to paragraph (2).	
6 (2) Designation of smoking areas	—The
7 head of a Federal agency may permit smoking	g in a
8 designated area of a Federal building owner	ed or
9 leased for use by such agency if such area—	
10 (A) is ventilated separately from other	r por-
11 tions of the Federal building;	
12 (B) is ventilated using a method	deter-
mined by the Administrator of General Se	rvices
to be at least as effective as the method	d de-
scribed in subparagraph (A); or	
16 (C) is ventilated in accordance with	Fed-
eral indoor air quality standards for en	viron-
mental tobacco smoke, if such standards a	are in
19 effect.	
20 (b) Enforcement.—	
21 (1) Executive branch buildings.—	
22 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrat	or of
General Services shall issue regulations	, and
take such other actions as may be necessar	ry, to
institute and enforce the prohibition cont	ained

- in subsection (a) as such prohibition applies to Federal buildings owned or leased for use by an Executive agency.
 - (B) DELEGATION.—The Administrator is authorized to delegate, and to authorize the redelegation of, any authority vested in the Administrator under subparagraph (A) (except for the authority to issue regulations) to any official of the General Services Administration or to the head of any other Executive agency.
 - (2) JUDICIAL BRANCH BUILDINGS.—The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, after consultation with the Administrator of General Services, shall take such actions as may be necessary to institute and enforce the prohibition contained in subsection (a) as such prohibition applies to Federal buildings owned or leased for use by an establishment in the judicial branch of the Government.

(3) Legislative branch buildings.—

(A) House of representatives.—The House Office Building Commission shall take such actions as may be necessary to institute and enforce the prohibition contained in subsection (a) as such prohibition applies to Fed-

- eral buildings owned or leased for use by the House of Representatives.
 - (B) Senate.—The Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate shall take such actions as may be necessary to institute and enforce the prohibition contained in subsection (a) as such prohibition applies to Federal buildings owned or leased for use by the Senate.
 - (C) OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS.—The Architect of the Capitol shall take such actions as may be necessary to institute and enforce the prohibition contained in subsection (a) as such prohibition applies to Federal buildings owned or leased for use by an establishment in the legislative branch of the Government (other than the House of Representatives and the Senate).

18 **SEC. 4. REPORT.**

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- 19 Not later than 2 years after the date of the enact-
- 20 ment of this Act, the Administrator of General Services
- 21 shall transmit to the Committees on Public Works and
- 22 Transportation and on Government Operations of the
- 23 House of Representatives and the Committee on Environ-
- 24 ment and Public Works of the Senate a report contain-
- 25 ing—

(1) information concerning the degree of com-1 2 pliance with this Act; and (2) information on research and development 3 conducted by the Administrator on methods of ven-5 tilation which are at least as effective as the method 6 described in section 3(a)(2)(A). 7 SEC. 5. PREEMPTION. Nothing in this Act is intended to preempt any provi-8 sion of law of a State or political subdivision of a State 10 that is more restrictive than a provision of this Act. SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS. 12 For the purposes of this Act, the following definitions 13 apply: (1) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive 14 15 agency" has the same meaning such term has under section 105 of title 5, United States Code. 16 17 (2) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal 18 agency" means any Executive agency or any estab-19 lishments in the legislative or judicial branches of 20 the Government. 21 (3) FEDERAL BUILDING.—The term "Federal 22 building" means any building or other structure (or portion thereof) owned or leased for use by a Fed-23 24 eral agency; except that the term shall not include

any building or other structure on a military instal-

lation, any health care facility under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, or any area of a building that is used primarily as living quarters.

(4) MILITARY INSTALLATION.—The term "military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility. Such term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.

Passed the House of Representatives November 15, 1993.

Attest: DONNALD K. ANDERSON,

Clerk.

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